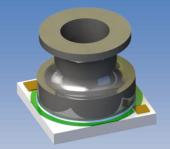




Data Sheet

Digital Barometer

Rev1.1 March 2021 DAT-0022



CPS137



Digital Barometer

Overview

The CPS137SIP (System-in-a-Package) solution comprises of aresistive bridge type pressure sensor and a 24-bit ADC for high resolution and accurate pressure measurements. The fully calibrated pressure and temperature compensated digital output makes the CPS137 solution simple to use.The CPS137comprises of an internal calibration logic that provides accurate pressure and temperature measurements to the application via I²C interface.There is no need to separately download internal calibration coefficients and have the host micro-controller conduct complicated compensation calculations.

Applications

- Altimeters
- Portable and Stationary Barometers
- Weather Stations
- GPS Applications
- Hard Disk Drives(HDD)
- Industrial Equipment
- Air Control Systems
- Vacuum Systems

Benefits

- Low Power Consumption. Excellent for Battery and Other Low-Power Applications
- External Clock not Required
- High Resistance to Sensing Media

Features

- Factory Calibrated Pressure and Temperature Sensor
- Supply Voltage: 2V to 5.5V(3V @typical)
- Current Consumption: <5uA(One Measurement)
- Sleep State Current: <200nA (25°C)
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- Pressure Accuracy: ±0.2kPa (±2.0mbar) @ -20°C to +60°C, ±0.15kPa@25°C
- Temperature Accuracy: ±1.0°C

Interfaces

• I²CTM* Compatible (≤400kHz)

Physical Characteristics

- Small Form Factor, 3.3 x 3.3 x 2.85mm (w x l x h)
- LGA Package, 4 Lead
- Top Side Sensing Port



 $[*]I^2C^{TM}$ is a registered trademark of NXP





CPS137 BLOCK DIAGRAM

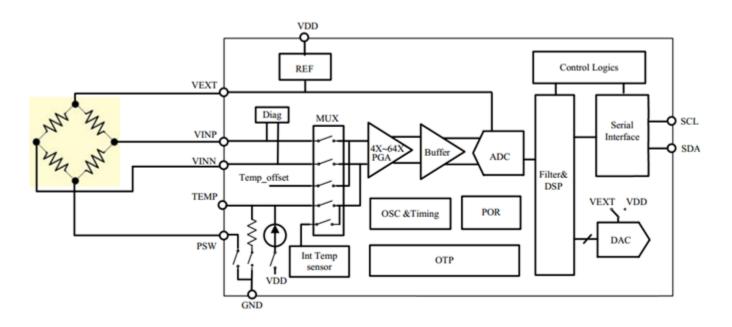


TABLE1: ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NUMBER | OUTPUT MODE | OPERATION MODE | PACKAGE | |
|------------------------------|---|--|---------------------|--|
| CPS137 | I ² C | Sleep | 4-Lead LGA | |
| SALES and CONTACT INF | ORMATION sales@consensic.com | <u>n</u> | | |
| | | | www.consensic.com | |
| United States | China | | | |
| Consensic, Inc. | Wuxi Consensic Electronics Co., Ltd. 无锡康森斯克电子科技有限公司 | | | |
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CPS137 Digital Barometer



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1 OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|-------------------------|------------|------|-----|----------------------|--------------|
| Over Pressure | | | | | 2X FS | kPa (bar) |
| Supply Voltage (with respect to GND) | V_{DD} | | -0.3 | | 6.5 | V |
| Voltages at Analog and Digital I/O Pins | V_{A_IO} V_{D_IO} | | -0.3 | | V _{DD} +0.3 | V |
| Storage Temperature | T _{STOR} | | -60 | | 150 | °C |

1.2 OPERATING CONDITIONS

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| PRESSURE SENSOR | | | | | | |
| Pango | | | 30 | | 130 | kPa |
| Range | | | (300) | | (1300) | (mbar) |
| Resolution ¹ | | | | 0.001 | | kPa |
| Resolution | | | | (0.01) | | (mbar) |
| | | 70 to 115kPa | -0.15 | ±0.10 | +0.15 | kPa |
| Accuracy | | @25°C | (-1.5) | (±1.0) | (+1.5) | (mbar) |
| Accuracy | | 70 to 115kPa | -0.2 | ±0.15 | +0.2 | kPa |
| | | (0°C to 50°C Verified) | (-2.0) | (±1.5) | (+2.0) | (mbar) |
| Solder Drifts | | | -0.1 | | +0.2 | kPa |
| TEMPERATURE SENSOR | | | | | | |
| Range | | | -40 | | 85 | °C |
| Resolution | | | | 0.003 | | °C |
| Accuracy | | -40°C to 85°C | -1 | ±0.75 | +1 | °C |
| OPERATION | | | | | | |
| Supply Voltage to GND ² | V_{SUPPLY} | | 2 | 3.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Operating Temperature Range | | | -40 | | 85 | °C |
| I ² C Pull-Up Resistors | R_{PU} | | 1 | 2.2 | | kΩ |

¹Guaranteed by design of 24bits ADC, and calculated according to the range in application.

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² Factory calibrated for Pressure and Temperature at 3.0V±10%. Output accuracy will be affected if used outside this range. Other ranges available upon request.





1.3 ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--|--------------------|------------|-----|-------------|-----|----------------|
| SUPPLY CURRENT | | | | | | |
| Supply Current, average(1) during conversion(2) standby(no conversion) | lavg Isc Iss | VDD=3V | | 3.95 1.5 | 0.2 | μΑ mA uA |
| ANALOG TO DIGITAL | L CONVERTER | | | | | |
| Resolution | r _{ADC} | | | | 24 | Bit |
| I ² C Clock Frequency | F _{C,I2C} | | | | 400 | kHz |

Notes

- 1) Under the assumption of one conversion every second. Conversion means either a pressure or a temperature measurement
- 2) During conversion, the sensor will be switched on to VDD, and after conversion ended, the sensor will automatically be switched off from VDD.





2 OPERATION MODES

The CPS137 is factory programmed to Sleep Mode. In this mode, the CPS137 remains asleep until the master/host sends a measurement request (MR) before taking sensor measurements. After the CPS137 receives an MR command, it wakes up, runs a full measurement cycle, stores the measurement data in internal registers and then returns to sleep mode again.

3 OUTPUT MODES

3.1 I²C Slave

Two-wire I²C is available for reading sensor measurement data from the CPS137.

The factory setting for the I²C slave address is 0x6D and the communication is restricted to this address only.

I²C Address = 0x6D

I²C COMMANDS

Table 2 details the commands to interface with the device in the I²C mode.

TABLE 2: I²C COMMANDS

| ТҮРЕ | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------------------|---|
| Get Data (GD) | Retrieves the sensor measurement data from the internal CPS137 registers*. |
| Measurement Request (MR) | Wakes up the CPS137, performs a sensor measurement, stores the sensor measurement data in internal registers and returns to sleep |

^{*}Note: GD does not initiate a new measurement. Repeated GD commands will return the same (or stale) sensor measurement data.

An MR is required to perform a full sensor measurement cycle to refresh the sensor register data.

The Get Data (GD) command is used to read out data from the CPS137. With the start of communication (for I²C after reading the slave address) the entire sensor measurement output packet will be loaded in a serial output register. The register will be updated after the communication is finished. The output is always scaled to 24-bits.

The ordering of the bits is "big-endian".





3.2.1 I²C GET DATA

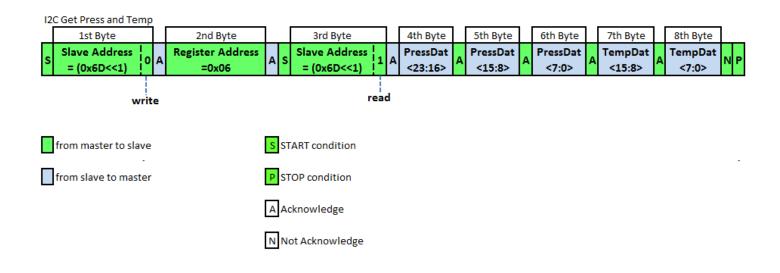
An I^2C Get Data command starts with the 7-bit slave address and the 8^{th} bit = 1 (READ). The device then sends acknowledge (ACK), indicating I^2C communication success. The number of data bytes returned by the device is determined by the master, which controls NACK and stop conditions.

Figure 1 displays and example forsending three bytes followed by readingfive bytes. The first byte contains the I²C address followed by internal register address(0x06). Then theI²C address is repeated, followed by the slave sending out three pressure bytes and two temperature bytes.

The GD command is used to retrieve the pressure and temperature sensor data after an MR command has been executed.

FIGURE 1: 7-BIT SLAVE ADDRESS FOLLOWED BY THREE PRESSURE AND TWO TEMPERATURE BYTES

Note that the two temperature byte codes are formatted in 2's complement.



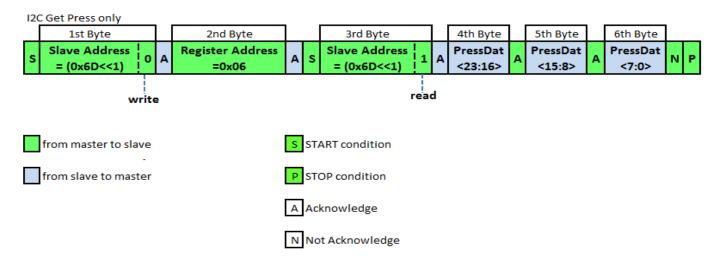
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FIGURE 2: 7-BIT SLAVE ADDRESS FOLLOWED BY THREE PRESSURE BYTES

For Pressure data only, the data stream can be terminated after thesixthpressure byte. See Figure 2below.



3.2.2 I²C MEASUREMENT REQUEST

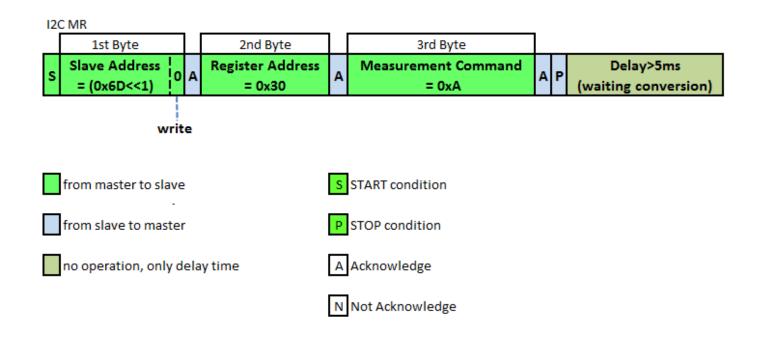
The I²C MR is used to wake up the device from Sleep Mode and start a complete sensor measurement cycle, before the device returns to Sleep Mode again. The measurement cycles starts with apressure measurement followed by a temperature measurement. The sensor measurements are digitized and run through an onboard compensation algorithm before the final measurement values are written to the digital output register. As shown in Figure 3, the communication requires the slave address (0x6D) and a WRITE bit (0) to initiate the MR. This is followed by two bytes; register address (0x30) and measurement (0xA). After the CPS137 responds with the slave ACK, the master terminates the communication with a stop condition.

Sensor measurement conversion time takes approximately 5ms, so MRs should not be sent faster than every 5ms.





FIGURE 3: I²C MEASUREMENT REQUEST COMMAND (0xA)



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4 CALCULATING OUTPUT

After retrieving the data, the compensated output can be scaledto real world values by following the equations below.

4.1 PRESSURE OUTPUT

An example of the 24-bit compensated pressure with a full scale range of 30 to 130kPa can be calculated as follows:

Pressure [kPa] = (Pressure 3^{rd} Byte [23:16] x 65536+Pressure 2^{nd} Byte [15:8] x 256 + Pressure1st Byte [7:0]) / 2^6/1000

4.2 TEMPERATURE OUTPUT

The 16-bit compensated temperature can be calculated as follows:

Positive Temperature [°C] = (Temperature High Byte [15:8] x 256 + Temperature Low Byte [7:0]) / 2^8

Negative Temperature [°C] = (Temperature High Byte [15:8] x 256 + Temperature Low Byte [7:0]-65536) / 2^8

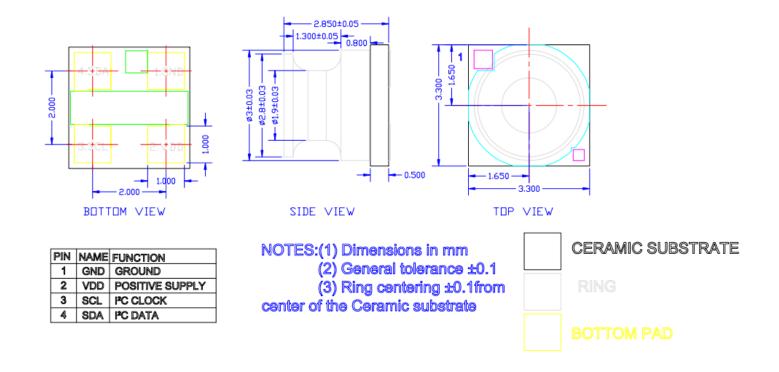




5 PACKAGE AND ASSEMBLY

The CPS137 is available in a 4-pin LGA package.

5.1 PIN ASSEMBLY AND MECHANICAL DRAWING



5.2 SOLDERING CONDITIONS

TABLE4: PACKAGE REFLOW TEMPERATURE

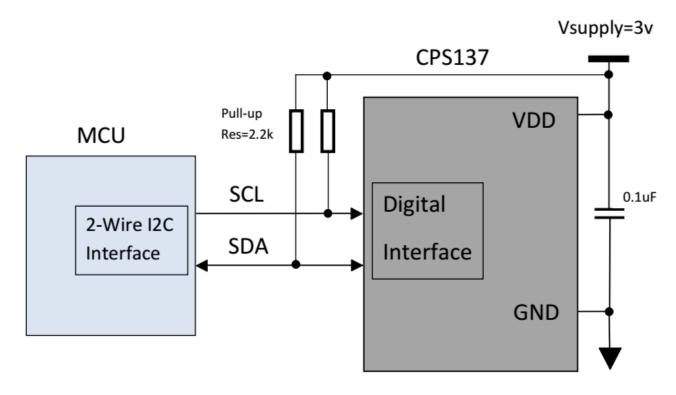
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|----------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Soldering Peak Temperature | Less than 30 seconds (JEDEC-STD-020 Standard) | | | 260 | °C |

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6 APPLICATION DIAGRAM



7 DOCUMENT HISTORY

| REVISION | DATE | DESCRIPTION |
|----------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0 | 16-Sep-2015 | Preliminary |
| 0.0 | 07-Mar-2016 | Initial Release |
| 1.0 | 07-Jun-2016 | Change limit, package pin define. |
| 1.1 | 01-Mar-2021 | Modify company address |

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