

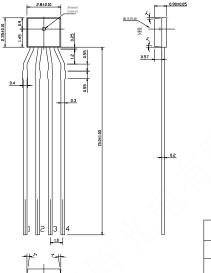
### MW921 InSb Hall Element

Ultra High-sensitivity InSb Hall element

Thin-type SIP Package

Shipped in Bulk by Pack (500Pcs devices per pack)

### Dimensional Drawing (Unit: mm)



| 引脚定义 (Pinning) |       |       |  |
|----------------|-------|-------|--|
| 输入<br>Input    | 1 (±) | 3 (平) |  |
| 输出<br>Dutput   | 2 (±) | 4 (∓) |  |

## Absolute Maximum Rating

Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Maximum Input Current  $I_{cmax}$ Maximum Input Voltage  $V_{cmax}$  -40°C ~ 110°C -40°C ~ 125°C 20mA 2V

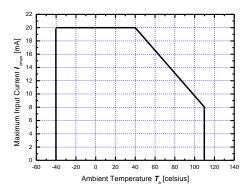


Figure 1. 1 Maximum Input Current Icmax

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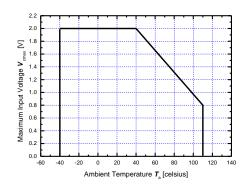


Figure 1. 2 Maximum Input Voltage V<sub>cmax</sub>

### Electrical Characteristics (RT=25°C)

| Item                          | Symbol                        | Test Condi.  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Hall Voltage                  | $V_{\!	ext{H}}$               | $\mathbf{B}$ = 50mT, $\mathbf{V}_{C}$ =1V $\mathbf{T}_{a}$ = RT                            | 168  |      | 320  | mV   |
| Input Resistance              | <b>R</b> in                   | $B = 0mT, I_C = 0.1mA$ $T_a = RT$  | 240  |      | 550  | Ω    |
| Output Resistance             | <b>R</b> out                  | $\mathbf{B} = 0$ mT, $\mathbf{I}_C = 0.1$ mA $\mathbf{T}_a = RT$                           | 240  |      | 550  | Ω    |
| Offset Voltage                | <b>V</b> os                   | $\mathbf{B}$ = 0mT, $\mathbf{V}_{C}$ = 1V $\mathbf{T}_{a}$ = RT                            | -7   |      | +7   | mV   |
| Temp. Coeffi. of $V_{\rm H}$  | $\alpha V_{H}$                | $B = 50 \text{mT}, I_C = 5 \text{mA},$ $T_a = 0 ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ |      | -1.8 |      | %/°C |
| Temp. Coeffi. of $R_{\rm in}$ | $lpha 	extit{	extit{R}_{in}}$ | $B = 0mT$ , $I_C = 0.1mA$ ,<br>$T_a = 0^{\circ}C \sim 40^{\circ}C$                         |      | -1.8 |      | %/°C |

Table 1. Electrical Characteristics of MW921.

Note:

1. 
$$V_{\rm H} = V_{\rm H-M} - V_{\rm os}$$

In which  $V_{\text{H-M}}$  is the Output Hall Voltage,  $V_{\text{H}}$  is the Hall Voltage and  $V_{\text{os}}$  is the offset Voltage under the identical electrical stimuli.

2. 
$$\alpha V_H = \frac{1}{V_H(T_1)} \times \frac{V_H(T_3) - V_H(T_2)}{(T_3 - T_2)} \times 100$$

3. 
$$\alpha R_{in} = \frac{1}{R_{in}(T_1)} \times \frac{R_{in}(T_3) - R_{in}(T_2)}{(T_3 - T_2)} \times 100$$

$$T_1 = 20^{\circ}\text{C}, \qquad T_2 = 0^{\circ}\text{C}, \qquad T_3 = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$$



# Classification of Output Hall Voltage ( $V_H$ )

Table 2. Classification of Hall Voltage

| Rank | <b>V</b> <sub>H</sub> [mV] | Conditions            |  |
|------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| С    | 168 ~ 204                  | B=50mT, <b>V</b> c=1V |  |
| D    | 196 ~ 236                  |                       |  |
| E    | 228 ~ 274                  |                       |  |
| F    | 266 ~ 320                  |                       |  |

### **Characteristic Curves**

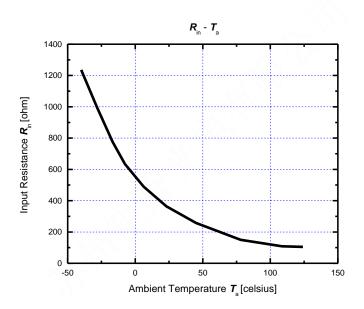


Figure 2. Input resistance  $R_{in}$  as a function of ambient temperature  $T_{a.}$ 

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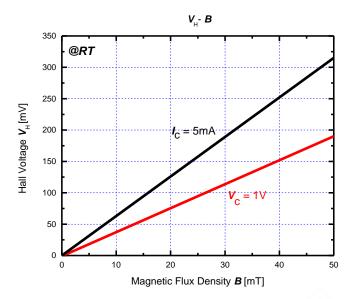


Figure 3. Hall voltage  $V_H$  as a function of magnetic flux density B.

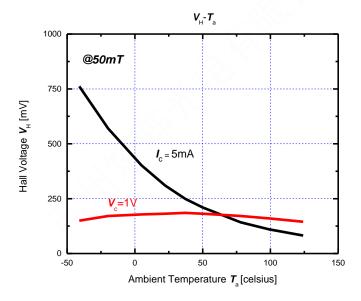


Figure 4. Hall voltage  $V_H$  as a function of ambient temperature  $T_{a.}$ 

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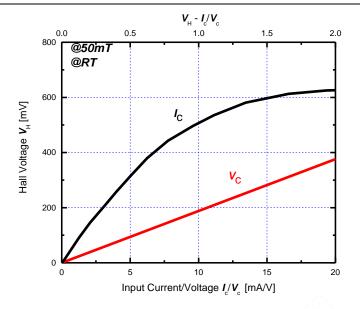


Figure 5. Hall voltage  $V_H$  as a function of electrical stimuli  $I_c/V_c$ .

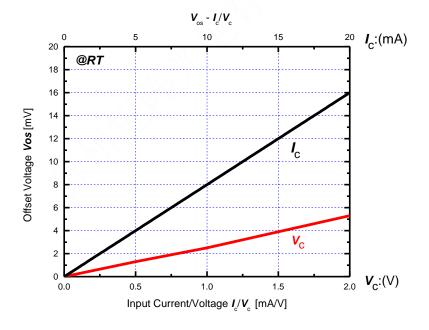


Figure 6. Offset voltage  $V_{os}$  as a function of electrical stimuli  $I_c/V_c$ .

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## **Reliability Test Terms**

**Table 2.** Reliability Test Terms, Conditions and Duration.

| No. | Terms                                    | Conditions   | Duration  |
|-----|--|--|-----------|
| 1   | High Temperature Storage<br>(HTS)        | (JEITA EIAJ ED-4701)  7 <sub>a</sub> =150 ( 0 ~ +10 ) °C   | 1000 hrs  |
| 2   | Heat Cycle<br>(HC)                       | [JEITA EIAJ ED-4701] $T_a = -55^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 150 \text{ °C}$ high temp normal temp low temp. $30 \text{ min } -5 \text{ min } -30 \text{ min}$ | 30 cycles |
| 3   | Temp. Humidity Storage<br>(THS)          | [JEITA EIAJ ED-4701] $T_a = 85 \pm 3 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $R_H = 85 \pm 5 ^{\circ}\text{M}$   | 1000 hrs  |
| 4   | Resist. to Hand Soldering Heat<br>(RHSH) | [JEITA EIAJ ED-4701] Dipped in the $300\pm5$ °C solder up to the 1 mm part from the body   | 5 sec     |
| 5   | High Temp. Operating<br>(HTO)            | $\mathcal{T}_{\rm a}$ =120 °C , $\mathcal{V}_{\rm c}$ =1V  | 1000 hrs  |

#### Criteria:

- Variation of Hall Voltage  $\it V_{\rm H}$  and input/output resistances  $\it R_{\rm in/out}$  are less than 20%.
- Variation of offset voltage  $V_{os}$  is less than  $\pm 16$ mV.
- Other parameters in Table 1. are still within their ranges stated in Table 1.



### **Soldering Conditions**

The following conditions should be preserved. Solder ability should be checked by yourself, because it is depend on solder paste material and other parameters.

#### Material of solder flux

- Use the resin based flux and refrain from using organic or inorganic acid based and water-soluble one.

#### Cleansing of solder flux conditions

- Use Ethanol or Isopropyl alcohol as cleansing material.
- Process temperature should be 50 °C or less.
- Duration should be 5 minutes or less.

#### Hand soldering conditions

- Apart from the mold resin more than 1mm.
- Solder at temperature 300 °C for less than 5s.

#### Wave soldering conditions

- Temperature in Pre-heating zone should be lower than 150°C.
- Temperature in Soldering zone should be lower than 280°C.



#### **Precautions for ESD**

This product is the device that is sensitive to ESD (Electrostatic Discharge). Handling Hall Elements with the ESD-Caution mark under the environment in which

- Static electrical charge is unlikely to arise (Ex: Relative Humidity over 40%RH).
- Wearing the anti-static suit and wristband when handling the devices.
- Implementing measures against ESD as for containers that directly touch the devices.

### **Precautions for Storage**

- Products should be stored at an appropriate temperature and humidity (5°C to 35°C, 40%RH to 60%RH) after the unsealing of the MBB. Keeping products away from chlorine and corrosive gas.
- For storage longer than 2 years

Products are sealed in MBB with a desiccant. It is recommended to store in nitrogen atmosphere with MBB sealed. Oxygen and  $H_2O$  of atmosphere oxidizes leads of products and lead solder ability get worse.

## **Precautions for Safety**

- Do not alter the form of this product into a gas, powder or liquid through burning, crushing or chemical processing.
- Observe laws and company regulations when discarding this product.